boles, entendity deposed Commander-in-Chief of an armice and sent to comthe troups in the Caucarus, is ality to economical the allied for the defence of Serbia, and he will lead the Finnian troops the mountain kingdom.

ctively, Vienna reporting auour engagements on the Heres Paris somidently expects a Japan

my to aid the allies in the near-The return to Tokie from Paris Saron Kigujire Ishil, recently ap-nted Minister of Fereign Affaire. likely to be followed by Japan's

itinly to be followed by Japan's encideration of the international untion, with special reference to future attitude.

fugues Le Roux, editor of the tin, also has arrived in Tokio, with ters, it is understood, from M. Deiser, Prench Poreign Minister, to cuss military matters with Japan h a view to determining whether Mikado shall send troops into Balkado.

PROTEST AGAINST CUTS IN SALARIES OF CITY EMPLOYEES

Tax Budget Committee Leaves Objections to Rulings of Body That Recommended Them.

The Tax Budget Committee, con sisting of Comptroller Prendergast, Aldermanic President McAneny and Berough Presidents Pounds and Mathewson to-day listened to vigorous protests from various departmen heads against salary cuts recommend ed by the sub-budget committee.

"I think all the reductions recon mended are drastic and not justifi able," declared City Clerk P. J. Scully the first complainant heard.

Scully's entire force has been duced in salary and number. He was asked about the proposed reduction of Frank J. Martin, one of the oldest city oyees, who it was originally intended to cut from \$3,000 to \$1,500. Director George J. Tirrell, of the Bu-reau of Standards, which passed on salary reductions, admitted that the Martin reduction had been reconsid-Martin be reduced to \$2,820. He has been in the city's service over twenty

Joseph V. Scully, Assistant City Clerk in Brooklyn, and whose salary is recommended reduced from \$3,000 to \$2,580, did not object to his own reduction, but made a fight against the reduction of a number of his best clerks. He said they were very efficient.

Speaking of Sculley, Borough President Pounds said: "No man in Brooklyn knows more about the old city than he does. He is a most valuable official."

attan who receive \$5,500 each.

Special Sessions protested against the reduction of the salary of Chief Clerk Frank Smith from \$5,000 to \$5,160 nm of the salary of Chief Clerk Special Session of the salary of Chief Clerk against the landing. If Greece refrained France's Special Session of the salary of Clerk Special Session of the salary of

against the landing. If Greece refrank Smith from \$6,000 to \$2,800 to \$2,800 to \$2,800 to \$2,800 and Joseph L. Kerrigan from \$4,000 to \$2,820, and twentyfour attendants from \$1,500 to \$1,880.

POSLAM HEALS

SKIN AFFECTED

WITH ECZEMA

Mealing properties which enable Postam to work so effectively in the treatment of Eczema make it a most valuable emergency remedy for Scalds,
Sores, Boils, Irritations, wounds and
all household mishaps resulting in
abrasions of the skin. Postam is antiseptic, penetrating, purifying. Splendid for causing the diappearance of
Pinples, Blackheads and unsightly
gruptional Troubles. Allays Itching,
soothes and comforts Itching Feet,
clears complexions often over night.

A word about soaps—if ordinary soap
initates, try Postam Soap, medicated
with Postam and superior for the skin.
For samples, send 4c. stamps to Emergency Laboratories, \$2 West 25th St.,
New York City. Sold by all Druggists

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"As you see by its example, as now
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Optometrists Never Use "Drugs" or "Drops" When Examining Eyes for Glasses Optometry's

modern scientific inventions reflect to the trained Optometrist the exact condition of the eyes.

Special training and experience enable him to apply glasses to correct defects of the eyes and improve vision. State laws regulate the practice of Optometry as they regulate the practice of other professions

DELY OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

VON JAGOW ASSAILS ALLIES FOR LANDING ARMY IN GREECE

clares This Action Justifies the Belgian Invasion.

but That Nation Rejected

the Proposal.

By Carl W. Ackerman. Courteble, 1915, by the United Press !

BERLIN, Oct. 11.-"The world's storm of indignation against Germany for invading Belgium is 'cant,' 'schwindel,' " declared Foreign Minister von Jagow te-day in an interview given The United Press regarding the action of the allies in landing troops at lalonica in Greece.

I had asked the Foreign Office if the Chanceller would give out Germany's position regarding the landing of troops in Greece. The Foreign Minister von Jagow received me, the Chancellor being absent, and at the conclusion of the statement I asked if the final decision of the Balkane had brought another psychological peace moment.

"You must ask Germany's enemies." he replied.

I inferred that Germany continue willing to consider peace if the allies make overtures. It was my impression further that the people believe, not only the cause of England's entrance to the war has been removed by the landing in Greece, but that the reasons for the allies' reported proonging of the war has ben removed.

During the course of half an hour's conversation with the Foreign Minister the American situation was discussed. I concluded that Germany is awaiting Ambassador Bernstorff's full report of his negotiations with through Belgium. This is totally un-Secretary Lansing; that Germany is ica have been bridged; that the submarine commander who sank the Arabic told a most interesting story. which will be sent to Secretary Lansing, and that Germany feels immeasurably handicapped by the lack of cable communication with

Foreign Minister von Jagow' statement regarding the landing of allied troops in Greece follows:

"English newspapers are taking the greatest pains to demonstrate that there is not the least analogy between Germany's entry of Beigium French troops at Salonica under Gen. Hamilton. They emphasize the point that the Greek Government and Next came a vigorous protest from
Register Policek of the Bronx against the reduction of his chief index clerk's salary. He said the clerk in question, who is paid \$2,000 and who is down for a reduction to \$1.800, does work equal to that of two similar clerks in Manhattan who receive \$5.500 each.

Manhattan who receive \$5.500 each.

the wishes of the effects were not pliantly accepted.

"Afso, Bulgaria has just learned how England pretends to confer freedom upon little states.

"As you see by its example, as now clearly demonstrated by England's procedure in Greece, the whole English storm of indignation at the German violation of Belgian neutrality is nothing more than what is called in English cant, an expression for which there is no possible German translation. I think schwindel' comes nearest."



segre agets has entered she German Foreign Minister De- Action of the Allies Not Un welcome to Greece, Is the English Retort.

ALLS IT A NECESSITY, NO TREATY VIOLATED.

Offered to Reimburse Belgians, Troops Landed for the Purpose of Helping Serbia, Ally of the Greeks.

By Ed L. Keen.

reight, 1915, to the United Press.) LONDON, Oct. 11.-Answering the United Press interview with Herr von Jagow, in which the German Foreign Minister denounced the ailles' landing on Greek soil, a statement from British official sources was given me to-day, easerting that "at no time have the allies taken action in Greek territory that would be unwelcome to Greece," and going into questions of neutrality which promise to figure finally as the big issues of the European war. The statement follows:

"The German Government maintains that the despatch of allied troops to Salonica is on a par with the German violation of Belgian neutrality. What are the facts?

"Germany was solemnly pledged, together with other powers, to respect the neutrality of Belgium. The ailted powers had no intention of violating that neutrality. In reply to inquiries by Great Britain, France gave a definite pledge on this point. But Germany refused to do so, and violated Belgian neutrality deliberately, on the plea of military necessity.

"Belgium had not entered into any agreement with the allied powers, either to attack Germany or to allow the passage of allied troops. The Germans attempt to justify their action on the ground that the French wer on the point of attacking them true and is sufficiently disproved by glad that all differences with Amer- the fact that, at the commencement of hostilities, the French armies were concentrated on the eastern frontier of France. The Germans, on the other hand, had concentrated the bulk of their forces on the Belgian frontier and as soon as war broke out their main blow, which evidently had been planned long in advance, was deliv ered through Belgium,

"Herr von Jagow states that the German Government made to the Belgian Government the most liberal offers to spare that country the horrors of war. The world knows what those horrors were. They were inand the landing of English and sicted upon an innocent country for maintaining its neutrality, as it was bound to do by its international treaty obligations.

"In the case of Greece there is no question of a violation of treaty obliwith armed force; that the allies gations, since the neutrality of Greece never had in view any action upon is not guaranteed by any of the

"The despatch of ailled troops to welcome to Greece. This latest as"The despatch of allied troops to are unwilling to abide by the haphazof sertion is inaccurate, for the Greek Greece was for the purpose of helping and method of making up their as-Serbia, the ally of Greece, against an

"It is impossible at the present moment to publish the confidential communications that have passed with Greece, but it may be taken as certain that at no time have the ailies taken action in Greek territory that would be unwelcome to Greece."

GERMANS MOVE HEADQUARTERS 25 MILES IN BELGIUM

Amsterdam Report Says This Foreshadows a Retirement of the Right Wing.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 13 (Central News).—The Telegraaf's correspondent at Ghent sends a despatch that the Duke of Wurtemburg, commanding the German forces in West Flanders, has transferred his headquarters from Thielt to Ghent.

and about twenty-five miles further to the rear of the German fighting line facing the British and French at Nieuport, Dixmude and Ypres.

The movement is believed to foreshadow a retirement of the active. The new site is in East Flanders

shadow a retirement of the entire German extreme right to the railway line of Ostend, Roulers, Menin and

Pord Finances.

DETROIT, Mich., Oct. 13.—The annual statement of the Ford Motor Company, issued to-day, showed a cash balance in banks of \$43,788,151,23 and a surplus of \$53,155,770.66. The one big item of liability listed in the report was of \$15,500.000 held in reserve for profit sharing payments to purchasers of Ford cars.

brought to New York to-day from Middleboro, Ky., where they were arraigned before Quenches and Fitz-patrick. They were arraigned before Judge Crain in the Court of General Sessions and said they were willing to enter Judge Crain in the Court of General Sessions and said they were willing to enter Judge Crain in the Court of General Sessions and said they were willing to enter Judge Crain in the Court of General Sessions and said they were willing to enter Judge Crain in the Court of General Sessions and said they were willing to enter Judge Crain in the Court of General Sessions and said they were willing to enter Judge Crain in the Court of General Sessions and said they were willing to enter Judge Crain in the Court of General Sessions and said they were willing to enter Judge Crain in the Court of General Sessions and said they were willing to enter Judge Crain in the Court of General Sessions and said they were willing to enter Judge Crain in the Court of General Sessions and said they were willing to enter Judge Crain in the Court of General Sessions and said they were willing to enter Judge Crain in the Court of General Sessions and said they were willing to enter Judge Crain in the Court of General Sessions and said they were willing to enter Judge Crain in the Court of General Sessions and said they were willing to enter Judge Crain in the Court of General Sessions and said they were arraigned before Oct. 12.44 12.60 12.42 12.42 12.6

W. K. Vanderbilt, Sr., As He Looked At Piping Rock Track Yesterday



BANKERS DECLARE IN FAVOR OF STATE INCOME TAXATION

(Continued from First Page.)

n some way divided between city and It should be based as to assess-

ments on the Federal income tax.

"A number of my wealthy friends who own summer nomes in Tuxedo, Morristown, Long Branch and other places, gentlemen distinguished for philanthropy and interest in public affairs, many of them have already leclared their intention of becoming esidents of their sumer home locali-They are being driven from the Allis-Chainess of ... city because they are unwilling to Am. Agr. Chem...swear faisely on their returns of personal property. They are willing to Am. Car a Fory... pay a fair share of taxes, but they

sessments.

Thave conferred with many of my business friends in banking, manufacturing and commercial lines. There seems to be a general consensus of opinion in favor of abolition of the personal property tax and substituting an income tax. I think it should begin with incomes of from \$1,200 to \$1,500 per year."

Seligman said that he thought estates were not taxed as much as they might be on inheritance transfer.

"Large wealth, in my opinion," he said, "does not bear sufficient burden."

"Large wealth, in my opinion," he said, "does not bear sufficient burden."

ting all taxes on land alone. Frederic C. Leubuscher, president ofr the Society to Lower Rents and Reduce Taxes on Homes, appeared as a witness and said:
"We recommend that taxes on all buildings and improvements be gradually transferred to land values during a period of five to ten years; that the personal property tax be abolished that all increases in the cost of local government be met by a super tax on government be met by a super tax on land values; that local option, through the referendum, be granted to cities and counties as to objects and rates of taxation for local purposes and for meeting the city's or county's share of the direct State tax. The income rax should be reserved for the Federal

Government.
"The concentration or monopoly of land ownership in New York City

Willing to Confess to Stealing Autos

WALL STREET

Heavy chalfzing sales after the openng were absorbed and market became stronger and more active. Moor issues advanced sharply. Studebaker touched 154%, up 10% points: Bethlehem Steel sold at 460; United attacks made it possible for us to States Steel was a strong feature, up 11/2 to 841/4. Railroad issues cased off from opening and were quiet; some of the specialties became active in spots but advance was not followed, and activity fell away shortly

Closing Quotations.

Alaska Gold Mine. 3456

Amer, Can Am Cotton Oil ... Seligman said that he thought estates were not taxed as much as they might be on inheritance transfer.

"Large wealth, in my opinion," he said, "does not bear sufficient burden. I think the inheritance tax should be laid somewhat heavier, though not in such measure as to drive people out of the State."

The witness suggested some new form of taxation to reach the rich and well-to-do class of people who live in New York hotels during the winter, or only part of the year. In winter, or only part of the year. In reality, they are residents of New York, but technically they are not, and thus they avoid paying their just proportion of taxation.

Single tax advocates had their innings to proclaim the theory of putting all taxes on land alone. Frederic C. Leubuscher, president of the Society to Lower Rents and Reduce Taxes on Homes, appeared as a witness and said:

"We recommend that taxes on all buildings and improvements be gradually transferred to land values during a period of five to ten years; that the long of the long of the land of the land walues during a period of five to ten years; that the long of the long of the land of th

IN VOSGES BATTLE

Paris War Office Admits a Berlin Reports Successes Near Loss There in a New Advance.

BERLIN CLAIMS GAINS.

Reports Repulse of British Vermelles and of French

at Souchez.

OFFICIAL FRENCH REPORT. PARIS, Oct. 18 .- Following to the

ext of to-day's War Office report: "At the conclusion of the bombardment reported yesterday the enemy inst evening delivered an infantry attack against our positions to the northeast of Souther. These attacks, like the preceding ones, were everywhere completely repulsed.

"Last night saw artillery actions of great intensity, in which both sides took part, between the Somme and the Oise, in the direction of Andechy, and to the east of Rheims, in the direction of Moronvillers. Batteries of the enemy have delivered a violent cannonade in the region to the south of Tahure and to the east of Butte de Menil. Our artillery held this fire back effectively, and in the mean time we were making further progress from trench to trench at a point to the east of the earthwork known as 'the Trapeze.'

"There has been fairly intense fighting with trench machines in the sector of Flirey, and more violent fighting accompanied by artillery exchanges in which both sides took part in the suburbs of Reilion.

"In the Vosges the enemy, after a complete check to his attack along vesterday evening. A second outburst of artillery fire along the entire hagen despatch to-day. front in preparation for an infantry advance was followed by a fresh at- British undersea boats in the same tack, which, generally speaking, resulted in failure. The Germans were steamships Nicomedia, Gutrune, Gerable to gain a footing in our first line mania, Lulea and an unidentified trenches at only one point, and this was to the south of the Linge hills. The trench they took was between 60 and 80 yards long. Our counterreoccupy a portion of this trench immediately.

"A squadron of nineteen French eroplanes has thrown down 140 shells on the railroad station at Bazeancourt, whence movements of the enemy have been reported.

"Another air squadron composed of eighteen machines has bombarded the railroad junction at Achiet-le-Grand, near Bapaume. Other machines have bombarded the railroad tracks at a point near Warmeriville.'

OFFICIAL GERMAN REPORT. BERLIN (via London), Oct. 13 .-To-day's German official statement with regard to the fighting in Belgium and France says:

"British attacks northeast of Vermelles were easily repulsed. "East of Souches the French again lost some portions of the trenches which they were able to keer on

"In Champagne a French attack yesterday afternoon failed south of Tahure. Repeated attacks on the same place early this morning with several groups of troops broke down "In the Vosges the French lost a

portion of their positions on the western slope of Schratzmannele."

ITEMS FOR INVESTORS. Southern Railway, year ended June 30, earned surplus after charges equal to 259-100 per cent on preferred stock against 5 per cent. on preferred and 153-100 per cent. on common pre-

F. W. Woolworth Company, quarterly dividend of 13-4 per cent on common stock, payable Dec. 1 to stock of record Nov. 10.

vious year.

Lackawanna Steel statement for nine months ended Sept. 30, surplus \$613,350; increase \$1.854,240. Kerr Lake, quarterly dividend of 25 cents, payable Dec. 15 to stock of record Dec. 1.

\$70,000 for Stock Exchange Seat. It was announced to-day at the Stock Exchange that a seat had been sold for \$70,000. This makes a record price for the last three years. The last previous sale was for \$68,500.

GERMANS CAPTURE RUSSIAN ATTACKS FIRST LINE TRENCH ALL BREAK DOWN. **GERMANS CLAIM**

Dvinsk and at Smorgon and Other Points.

BERLIN, Oct. 15 (via London) .-The announcement of the German Army Headquarters Staff dealing with the eastern theatre of war says:

"Army group of Field Marshal von Hindenburg-West of Dvinsk a Russian attack broke down under our artillery fire. Attempts made by the enemy to take possesion of the island pecupied by us in Miadziel Lake falled. A Russian attack northeast of Emorgon which got as far as our entanglements was repulsed. Last night one of our airships bombarded the fortified town of Dvinsk, which was full of troops, with a large num ber of bombs.

"Army Group of Prince Leopold of Savaria-There is nothing to report. "Army Group of Gen, von Linsingen The enemy was driven out of his cositions near Rudka-Bielskowloskaja, as well as over the line at Alex andria, and was driven over the eights north of that piace.

"German troops under Gen. Count on Bothmer throw the enemy out of several positions northwest of Haivorenka and southwest of Burk-

BRITISH SUBMARINE SINKS GERMAN STEAMER

The Walter Leonard Dynamited, but Her Crew Is Saved.

LONDON, Oct. 13.-After giving the crew time to get off, a British the front from the Linge to the submarine dynamited the German Schratzmannele, resumed his effort steamship Waiter Leonard in the Baltic Tuesday, according to a Copen-

Other German craft destroyed by waters in the past few days were the steam vessel.

LAUREL WINNERS.

TWO KILLED IN CYCLE CRASH.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Oct. 13.—Two men are dead and a third is in a crit-cal condition at the hospital here to-day as a result of a head-on motor-cycle collision in a fog at Milford late last night. Alexander Schuck and Antonio Miskavitz were the men killed. Hjalma Pederson may die.

the "Mirror" proposition-You can see the clear reflection of profiton page 15, this paper.

Look into

THE WORLD'S BEST -a description that co

KNABE PIANOS PLAYER - PIANOS

KNABE BUILDING 5th Ave., at 39th St.

Now in tubes, 25 and 50 cents.
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mpson Chemical Co., 23 Duane St., N.T.



DIED. FOX .- On Oct, 12, 1915, ANNIE M., beloved wife of the late James Fox. Funeral from her late residence, 187 Rutledge St., Friday, Oct. 15, at 9.50 A. M., thence to the Transfiguration Church, Marcy Ave. and Hooper St.,

PENNY A POUND PROFIT



HERE ARE ALMOST AS MANY BRANDS OF COCOA AS THERE ARE CIGARS: Some folk are satisfied with anything so long as it is Cocos.
The grocer welcomes this class of patrons with
open arms. Then there is the woman of discriminating taste, she is an expert judge of cloth, coffee, tea, candy and Cocoa. She seeks the Best in everything that she buys. She immediately recognizes and appreciates the distinctive quality, delicious taste and pleasing fragrance of LOFT'S Unexcelled Cocoa. Once she desides on the quality, she looks after Economy—A TEN CENT TIN OF LOFT COCOA WILL PRODUCE 20 CUPS. For sale at all Loft Stores.

Special for Wednesday
TUTTI-FRUTTI CREAM KISSES—
Superbly blended combinations of
richest Sugar Cream and a medicy of
cholest Fresh Fruits and
cholped Nuts, done into
delicious kisses, POUND BOX 10C

Special for Thursday
CHOCOLATE MARMALADE BON
BONS—This aweet has a heart of delicious Chocolate Jelly Marmalade,
enclosed in a covering of Vanilla flavored Cream, a dainty of 10C MILK CHOCOLATE COVERED CREAM PEPPERMINTS—The centres of these sweets are comprised of Richest Suzay Cream, exquisitely flavored with finest Oil of Peppermint. The lackets are luxurious coverings of Our Incomparable Premium Milk Chocolate.

Closes 10 p. m. Dally

Closes 10 p. m. Dally

ADD BROOME STREET

Closes 11 p. m. Dally

ADD BROOME STREET

Closes 12 p. m. Dally

Closes 12 p. m. Dally Closes 10 p. m. Daily October 11.30 p. m. Daily

Clease 11.30p.m. Bed. 15m.m.



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